An Introduction to Scrum

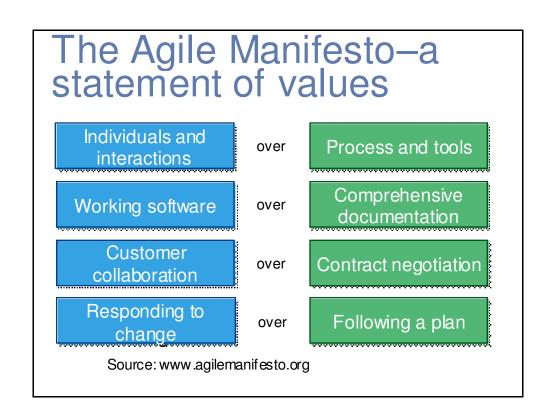
Presented by

Wayne Allen

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Scrum in 100 words

- Scrum is an agile process that allows us to focus on delivering the highest business value in the shortest time.
- It allows us to rapidly and repeatedly inspect actual working software (every two weeks to one month).
- The business sets the priorities. Teams self-organize to determine the best way to deliver the highest priority features.
- Every two weeks to a month anyone can see real working software and decide to release it as is or continue to enhance it for another sprint.

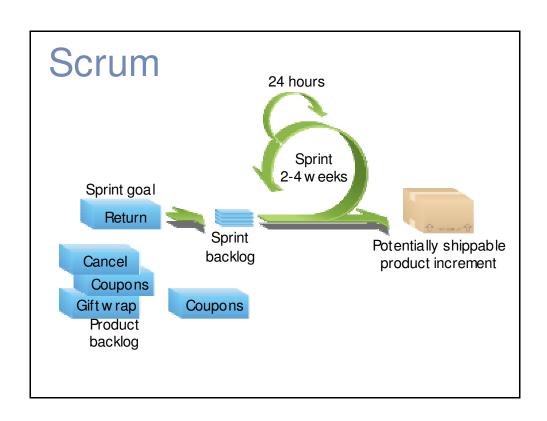
Scrum has been used for:

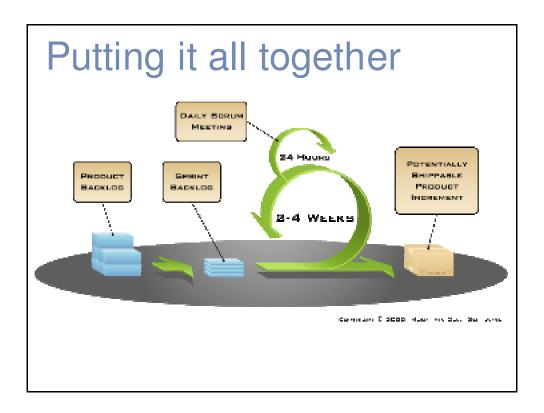
- Commercial software
- In-house development
- Contract development
- Fixed-price projects
- Financial applications
- ISO 9001-certified applications
- Embedded systems
- 24x7 systems w ith 99.999% uptime requirements
- the Joint Strike Fighter

- Video game development
- FDA-approved, life-critical systems
- Satellite-control softw are
- Websites
- Handheld softw are
- Mobile phones
- Netw ork switching applications
- ISV applications
- Some of the largest applications in use

Characteristics

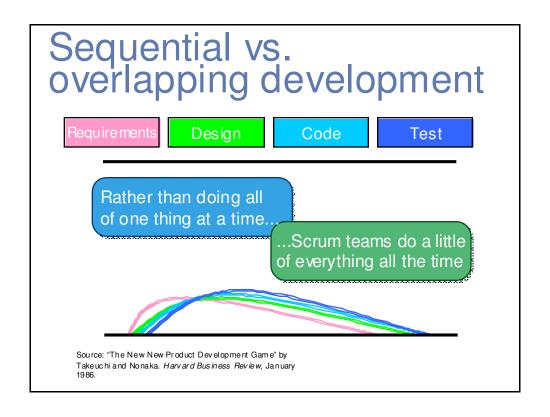
- Self-organizing teams
- Product progresses in a series of month-long "sprints"
- Requirements are captured as items in a list of "product backlog"
- No specific engineering practices prescribed
- Uses generative rules to create an agile environment for delivering projects
- One of the "agile processes"

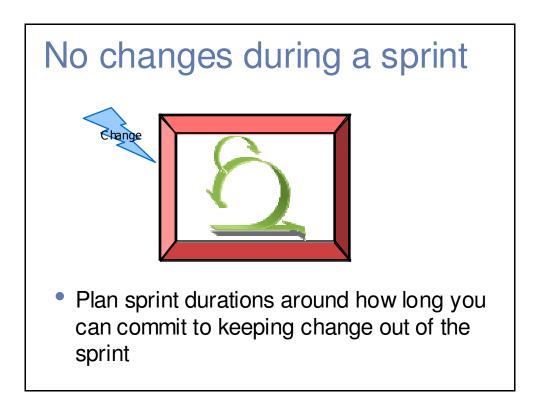


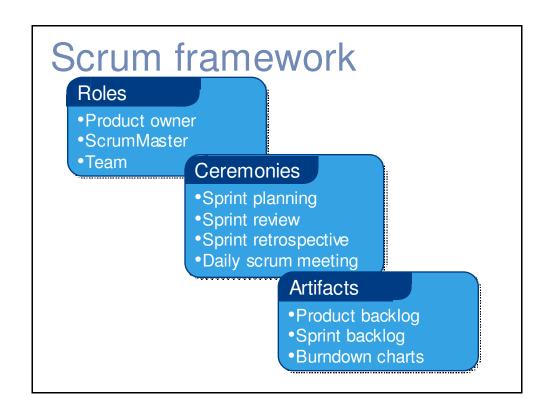


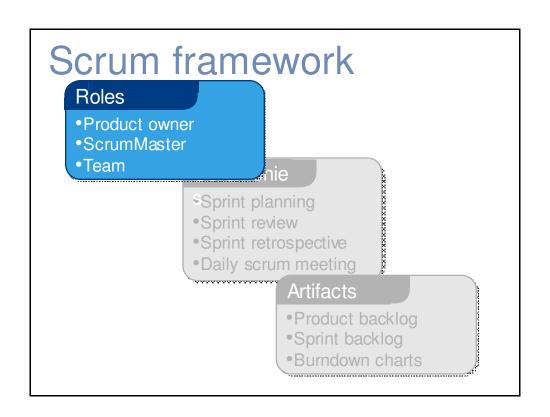
Sprints

- Scrum projects make progress in a series of "sprints"
 - Analogous to Extreme Programming iterations
- Typical duration is 2–4 weeks or a calendar month at most
- A constant duration leads to a better rhythm
- Product is designed, coded, and tested during the sprint









Product owner

- Define the features of the product
- Decide on release date and content
- Be responsible for the profitability of the product (ROI)
- Prioritize features according to market value
- Adjust features and priority every iteration, as needed
- Accept or reject work results

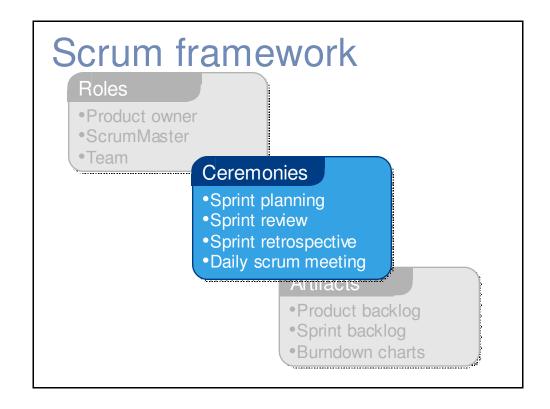
The ScrumMaster

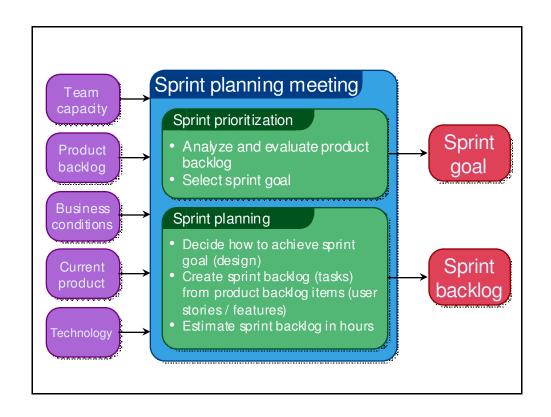


- Represents management to the project
- Responsible for enacting Scrum values and practices
- Removes impediments
- Ensure that the team is fully functional and productive
- Enable close cooperation across all roles and functions
- Shield the team from external interferences

The team

- Typically 5-9 people
- Cross-functional:
 - Programmers, testers, user experience designers, etc.
- Members should be full-time
 - May be exceptions (e.g., database administrator)
- Teams are self-organizing
 - Ideally, no titles but rarely a possibility
- Membership should change only between sprints





Sprint planning

- Team selects items from the product backlog they can commit to completing
- Sprint backlog is created
 - Tasks are identified and each is estimated (1-16 hours)
 - Collaboratively, not done alone by the ScrumMaster
- High-level design is considered

As a vacation planner, I want to see photos of the hotels.

Code the middle tier (8 hours)
Code the user interface (4)
Write test fixtures (4)
Code the foo dass (6)
Update performance tests (4)

The daily scrum

- Parameters
 - Daily
 - 15-minutes
 - Stand-up
- Not for problem solving
 - Whole world is invited
 - Only team members, ScrumMaster, product owner, can talk
- Helps avoid other unnecessary meetings

Everyone answers 3 questions What did you do yesterday? What will you do today? Is anything in your way? • These are not status for the ScrumMaster • They are commitments in front of peers

The sprint review

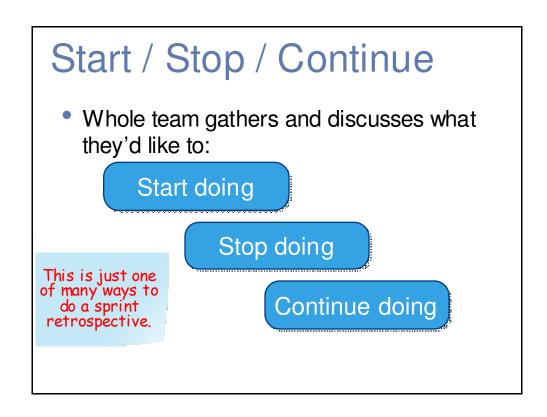
- Team presents what it accomplished during the sprint
- Typically takes the form of a demo of new features or underlying architecture
- Informal
 - 2-hour prep time rule
 - No slides
- Whole team participates
- Invite the world

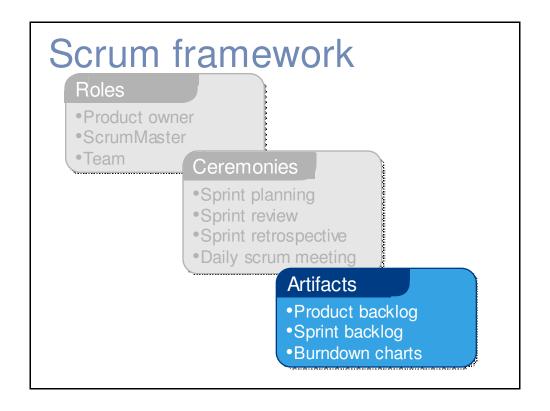


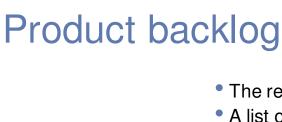


Sprint retrospective

- Periodically take a look at what is and is not working
- Typically 15–30 minutes
- Done after every sprint
- Whole team participates
 - ScrumMaster
 - Product owner
 - Team
 - Possibly customers and others









- The requirements
- A list of all desired work on the project
- Ideally expressed such that each item has value to the users or customers of the product
- Prioritized by the product owner
- Reprioritized at the start of each sprint

A sample product backlog

Backlog item	Estimate
Allow a guest to make a reservation	3
As a guest, I want to cancel a reservation.	5
As a guest, I want to change the dates of a reservation.	3
As a hotel employee, I can run RevPAR reports (revenue-per-available-room)	8
Improve exception handling	8
	30
	50

The sprint goal

 A short statement of what the work will be focused on during the sprint

Database Application

Make the application run on SQL Server in addition to Oracle.

Life Sciences

Support features necessary for population genetics studies.

Financial services

Support more technical indicators than company ABC with real-time, streaming data.

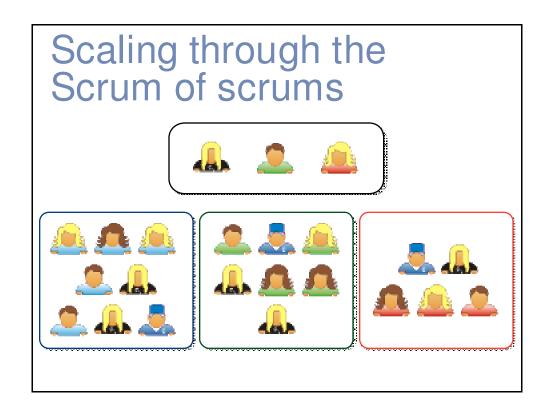
Managing the sprint backlog

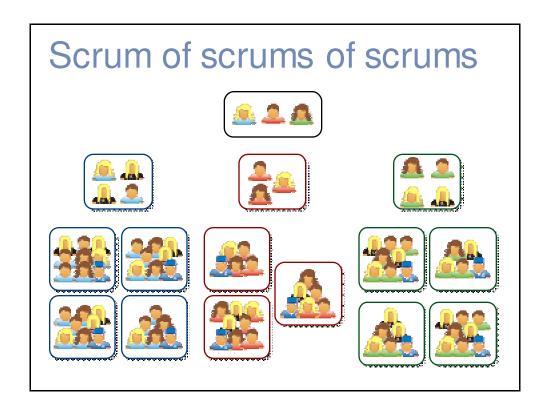
- Individuals sign up for work of their own choosing
 - Work is never assigned
- Estimated work remaining is updated daily
- Any team member can add, delete or change the sprint backlog
- Work for the sprint emerges
- If work is unclear, define a sprint backlog item with a larger amount of time and break it down later
- Update work remaining as more becomes known

Tasks		Mon	Tues	Wed	Thur	Fri
Code the user interfa	ace	8	4	8		
Code the middle tier		16	12	10	7	
Test the middle tier		8	16	16	11	8
Write online help		12				
50 40 20 10	\					
10					7 m 1 m	8

Scalability

- Typical individual team are 7 ± 2 people
 - Scalability comes from teams of teams
- Factors in scaling
 - Type of application
 - Team size
 - Team dispersion
 - Project duration
- Scrum has been used on multiple 500+ person projects





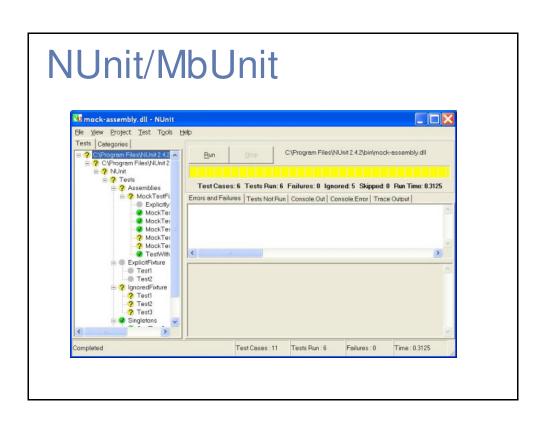
Where to go next

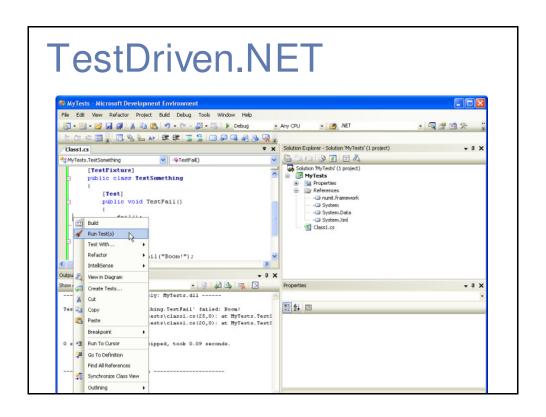
- www.mountaingoatsoftware.com/scrum
- www.scrumalliance.org
- www.controlchaos.com
- scrumdevelopment@yahoogroups.com

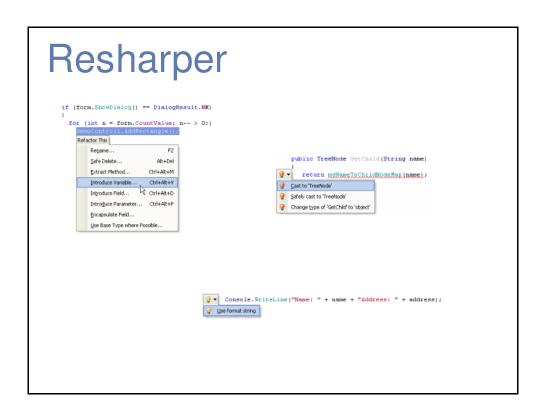
A Scrum reading list

- Agile and Iterative Development: A Manager's Guide by Craig Larman
- Agile Estimating and Planning by Mike Cohn
- Agile Project Management with Scrum by Ken Schwaber
- Agile Retrospectives by Esther Derby and Diana Larsen
- Agile Software Development Ecosystems by Jim Highsmith
- Agile Software Development with Scrum by Ken Schwaber and Mike Beedle
- Scrum and The Enterprise by Ken Schwaber
- User Stories Applied for Agile Software Development by Mike Cohn
- Lots of weekly articles at www.scrumalliance.org

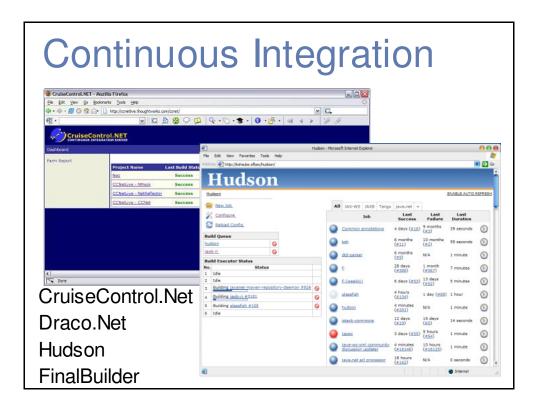
.NET Tools

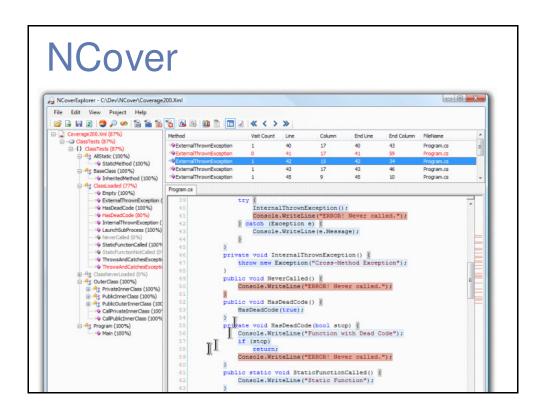


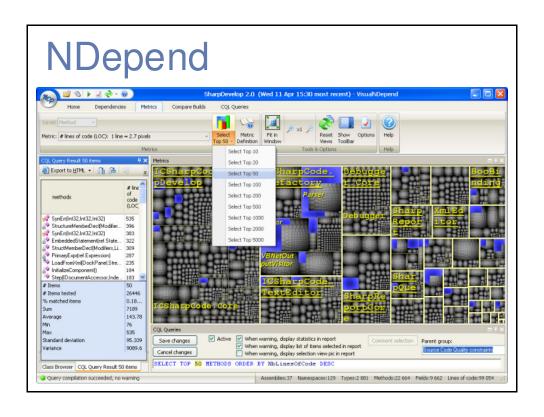




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Simian

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Similarity Analyser 2.1.2 -
http://www.redhillconsulting.com.au/products/simian/index.html
Copyright (c) 2003-04 RedHill Consulting, Pty. Ltd. All rights reserved.
Simian is not free unless used solely for non-commercial or evaluation purposes.
(ignoreCurlyBraces=true, ignoreModifiers=true, ignoreStringCase=true, threshold=9)
Loading (recursively) *.java from /var/tmp/jdksrc
Found 9 duplicate lines in the following files:
Between lines 65 and 76 in /var/tmp/jdksrc/javax/swing/plaf/basic/BasicSliderUI.java
Between lines 71 and 82 in
/var/tmp/jdksrc/com/sun/java/swing/plaf/gtk/SynthSliderUI.java
Found 9 duplicate lines in the following files:
Between lines 37 and 49 in
/var/tmp/jdksrc/com/sun/java/swing/plaf/motif/MotifCheckBoxMenuItemUI.java
Between lines 43 and 55 in
/var/tmp/jdksrc/com/sun/java/swing/plaf/motif/MotifRadioButtonMenuItemUI.java
Between lines 36 and 48 in
/var/tmp/jdksrc/com/sun/java/swing/plaf/motif/MotifMenuItemUI.java
Between lines 391 and 435 in
/var/tmp/jdksrc/org/apache/xml/dtm/ref/DTMDocumentImpl.java
Between lines 1533 and 1577 in
/var/tmp/jdksrc/org/apache/xml/dtm/ref/dom2dtm/DOM2DTM.java
Found 9 duplicate lines in the following files:
Between lines 1744 and 1758 in
/var/tmp/jdksrc/javax/swing/plaf/metal/MetalFileChooserUI.java
Between lines 1995 and 2009 in
/var/tmp/jdksrc/javax/swing/plaf/metal/MetalFileChooserUI.java
Between lines 849 and 863 in
/var/tmp/jdksrc/com/sun/java/swing/plaf/gtk/GTKFileChooserUI.java
Between lines 849 and 863 in
/var/tmp/jdksrc/com/sun/java/swing/plaf/gtk/GTKFileChooserUI.java
Between lines 54 and 67 in
/var/tmp/jdksrc/com/sun/java/swing/plaf/gtk/GTKFileChooserUI.java
Between lines 55 and 67 in
/var/tmp/jdksrc/com/sun/java/swing/plaf/gtk/SynthMenuBarUI.java
```

Mocking Frameworks

```
TypeMock
[TestFixture]
[ClearMocks]
public class TestClass
                                               Rhino Mocks
   [VerifyMocks]
   public void TestWithNatural()
                                                       NMock
    using (RecordExpectations recorder =
   RecorderManager.StartRecording())
      ClassToIsolate.StaticMethod();
      recorder.Throw(new NullReferenceException());
   [Test]
   [VerifyMocks]
   public void TestWithReflective()
    Mock mock = MockManager.Mock<ClassToIsolate>();
    mock.ExpectAndThrow("StaticMethod", new
   NullReferenceException());
```

Other Tools

- FxCop
- VS 2005/2008
- Selenium
- WatiN
- Subversion

Contact information

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Thanks to Mike Cohn for making some of this presentation material available for use by the agile community.